



INSTITUT FÜR ARBEITSMARKT- UND
BERUFSFORSCHUNG
Die Forschungseinrichtung der Bundesagentur für Arbeit

IAB-COLLOQUIUM

zur Arbeitsmarkt- und Berufsforschung

Einladung
10|2019

EXPLAINING WHY SOME YOUNG MOTHERS
BECOME NEET, AND WHY SOME OF THEM
EVENTUALLY TAKE UP EMPLOYMENT OR
EDUCATION AGAIN.

DATUM:
2.5.2019

UHRZEIT:
13:00 Uhr

ORT:
Regensburger Str. 100
Sitzungssaal E10
90478 Nürnberg

Referent

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In recent decades, women's labor market participation in the Netherlands and other Western European countries has dramatically increased. However, earnings of men and women still show substantial gaps around childbirth (Budig & England, 2001; Kleven, Landais, Posch, Steinhauer, & Zweimüller, 2019). At an early age, childbirth might be even more crucial to the emergence of inequalities (Chevalier & Viitanen, 2003; Gibb, Fergusson, Horwood, & Boden, 2015). To understand this process, we study young women's education and employment trajectories around first childbirths. We observe monthly activities up to two years before and five years after. In line with previous research (Vlasblom & Schippers, 2006), we find substantial path dependence of pre to post birth trajectories. In a next step, we aim to explain this path dependence by means of human capital and social capital theories.